NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1886.

FAILURE OF MINING STOCK DEALERS. THE RESULT OF A GAMBLING OPERATION IN COM-STOCK SHARES-FLIGHT OF THE BROKERS IN-

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.-Such excitement as was witnessed in the Stock Exchange to-day has not been seen here for ten years. The persistent boom" in Comstock shares had run Consolidated California and Virginia up to 52, Ophir to 30 and other stocks to proportionately high figures. Yesterday many drew their hard-earned defrom the savings banks and posits invested in stocks, eager to secure the fortune which they saw almost within reach. This morning the failure of R. C. Hooker, a prominent broker, was announced, but it had small effect on the market. Early in the afternoon, however, Co., of Virginia City, for \$915,000, carrying with them their San Francisco agents, Greenbaum & Strauss, who failed for \$400,000. These failures demoralized the street and stocks tumbled, California and Virginia falling to 42 and the others declining in the usual propor-tion. Still, the leading stocks showed so much strength that no one could tell what a day may bring forth. Maurice Schmitt and Bob Morrow, two large local operators, are known to be heavy losers, but they both denied to-night that they were about to make assignments. The deal has been purely a gambling operation, as outside of California and Virginia and Ophir no one claims that any ore has been found which justifies any advance in values. The losses, as usual, will fall heaviest on small speculators, and the deal bids fair to demoralize legitimate business here for months. A dispatch from Virginia City says: "The following persons are the heaviest losers by the Frankel failure: S. Belcher mines, \$205,000; General Keating, superintendent of the Savage and Hale & Norcross mines, \$50,000, and E. D. Boyle, & Norcross mines, \$50,000, and E. D. Boyle, of the Alta mine, \$20,000. The list of losers includes several clerks and miners and a number of women. L. B. Frankel, the senior partner, retired from business several years ago. It is said that he is a millionaire, and as he still retains an interest in the business the creditors of the firm hope to recover a portion of their losses through him. The three younger Frankel brothers, the active members of the firm, fled early this vorning. They are said to have secured a large fortune by retaining every cent deposited with them since the rise in mining shares began. Their business was enormous, their receipts being about \$60,000 a day. Great excitement prevails over the suspension, and if the three members of the firm had not fied unpleasant consequences might have resulted."

## A DEFAULTER BUT NOT DISCHARGED.

MINER T. AMES, THE CHICAGO COAL MERCHANT, FORGIVES AN ERRATIC CASHIER.

CHICAGO, Dec. 2 (Special). - The circumstantial statement is published here that Theodore S. Mize, secretary of the Chicago and Minonta Coal and Coke Com pany, and confidential bookkeeper and cashier for Miner T. Ames, the coal merchant, is an embezzler. The amount of the embezzlement is placed at about \$100.000. Mize is one of the best-known business men in this city. Barely thirty-three years old, generous, gay and handsome, he was a favorite alike among men and women and the fact that he had a salary of \$5,000 a year did not tend to make him ess popular among his associates, who were mostly specuative and money-spending class. Mize had entre control of the funds of the coal company. as never suspected of dishonesty, as Mr. Ames had in Ohio. When young Mize left college, Mr. Ames offered him a position in his office and the young was installed as cahler and bookkeeper. This was about fifteen years ago, and Mize gradually gained the confidence of his employer until he was given entire charge of the bank account and was authorized to sign checks and to make deposits.

Last spring Mr Ames went to Europe, and on his

return became suspicious. He questioned Mize rather sharply, and said that he would have the Mize broke down and confessed everything. wait and see if the defatcation could not be straightened out. Experts are now examining the books.
The father and mother of Mize were seen at their
home, No. 100 DeKaib-st. They admitted the truth
of some of the charges, but said the amount taken
had been exaggerated. They claimed that Mr. Ames
had promised to keep the matter quiet, and that
young Mize went to the office regularly as if nothing
had happened. They said that he had overdrawn
his account, and then, when Mr. Ames returned
from Europe, confessed and turned over his house,
No. 3.815 Eilis-ave., to his employer, and this with
what the perents gave made a balance in favor of
the son. vait and see if the defalcation could not be straight r. Mize was found at the office this morning. Ha

is confessed, Mr. Ames apparently condones the of-fence, and in his own prepared statement for the press says:
"Mr. Mize has been in my service many years

He is now in my employment and will there remain. I am satisfied that he should do so. Any difficulty which may have occurred in the premises is my own private affair."
In the pullshed accounts respecting the career of Mize his supposed relations with three women are given at length.

A REPUBLICAN CLUB IN NEW-HAMPSHIRE. CONCORD, N. H., Dec. 2.—Two hundred Republicans of prominence in various parts of the State met here this week upon the call of the State Committee for the formation of a social and political organization, to be known as the Lincoln Club of New-Hampshire. V.ce-presidents were chosen from each county, and an article in the constitution provides for local clubs in different parts of the State. Colonel Charles H. Sawyer, of Dover, was elected president for the com-

ing year. Specches were made by Congressman Gal Inger, William E. Chandler, Colonel Sawyer, Con-gressman M A. Haines, Edwin F. Jones, and others, Governor Currier and Senator Cheney sent encourag-ONLY MARRIED MEN TO HAVE A CHANCE. An order which has aroused a great deal of dignation among the employes of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad,

all the unmarried men employed by the company shall be immediately dismissed and only the married men retained. The cause for this order, it is said, is to give those who have families to support a chance to make up the time they have lost during the summer when they were working on short hours. As nearly one-third of the workingmen employed are unmarried, the order, which is imperative, has caused much comment.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 2 (Special).—The Pennsylvania Natural Gas Company to-day entered suit against B. F. Rafferty and William H. Ewing for \$110,000 damages. The papers filed allege that Rafferty, while general manager or the company, on March 26 procured the plaintiff company to pay William H. Ewing \$50,000 and April 6 \$60,000 upon pay William H. Ewing \$50,000 and April 6 \$60,000 upon a statement and representation made by Rafferty to the Board of Directors that the expense of procuring gas lands in Washington County was \$50 an acre whereas in fact it lid not exceed \$7 50 an acre. A capias was issued for he arrest of the defendants, Judge Ewing fixing the ball at \$5,000. Rafferty says that his attorney will to-morrow ring suit for \$100,000 damages against the company and lso for \$60,000 salary due him.

ABANDONING HIS SCOTTISH CASTLE PROJECT. DHNSTOWN, Penn., Dec. 2.-It is stated that Andrew Carnegie has abandoned his Scottish castle project on the mountain, and will dispose of the property purchased by him at the summit. The death of his mother and brother have made such an impression upon him that he has lost much of his spirit and ambition. The castle, it is said, was originally conceived by Mr. Carnegie to please his mother, and now that she is gone he has no incentive to proceed with it.

MR. LONG DENIES SOME REPORTS

AKRON, Ohio, Dec. 2 (Special).-J. A. Long, of this city, director in the Columbus and Hocking Coal and Iron Company, and who has been named in the news papers as one of the principal movers in a great coal syndicate, said to day that the reports about both the coal and railroad syndicate were false. He says there will be no such advance in coal as reported.

MYSTERIOUS PRISONERS AT HEADQUARTERS. About 11 o'clock last night three prisoners, in charge of see detectives and an officer, were taken to Police Head-of England. Three gunboats and the ironclad Bismarck

MORE THAN A MILLION GONE. quarters and admitted through the Mott-st entrance.

THE RENT WAR IN IRELAND.

PREVENTING SEIZURES BY LANDLORDS.

TENANT DISPLEASED WITH BULLER. DUBLIN, Dec. 2 .- To frustrate landlords' endeavois to seize rents by means of garmshee orders served on tenants' trustees, amended instruction paign advising trustees to convey moneys to persens of assured integrity but possessed of no property, whom the garnishee order will not affect This precaution has already been taken in regard

to twenty-seven properties. Mr. Sexton. upon being asked what, in his opin ion, had caused the present action of the Government, replied that he had no doubt that the success of the Nationalist campaign compelled the Irish landlords to appeal to the Government, which had yielded to their entreaties. When asked whether he thought the League would be suppressed, Mr. Sexton answered: "No. If the Government attempts to suppress the League through the Viceroy it will find itself in a guinously untenable position. Moreover, if the League be suppressed and the meetings proclaimed, the Govern ment will find the situation more difficult than ever, as public indignation will make the success

of the tenants all the more rapid." "The Dublin Nation" says it has trustworthy authority for the statement that General Buller's appointment as Under Secretary displeases the Viceroy, who strongly desires him to resign.

Two hundred and thirty tenants on Lord De frayne's Sligo estate to-day paid their rents, less 20 per cent. to Mr. Redmond, Canon Donohue and Fathers Henry and Felan, as trustees, the agent of the estate having refused to grant a reduction. The payments were made in an orderly and bus inesslike manner, the total amount exceeding Jones, Superintendent of the Crown Point and £1.000. Mr. Redmond in a speech said that the moment Lord Defrayne decided to accept the money it would be turned over to him. If he tried eviction the tenants would make it hot for him, and the rents would be used for defending them. Mr. Redmond and other Irish Commoners will be occupied in various places to-morrow re cciving rents as tenants' trustees. The movement

> CORK, Dec. 2.-Crowds are patrolling the streets this evening singing "God Save Ireland." It is feared that there will be a collision with the police. Commoner Tanner, who was injured in the fight yesterday, has summoned Police Inspector Milling for as-

> LONDON, Dec. 2 .- John Morley, in a speech at Edinburgh to-night, likened the Conservative party to a blind man led by a lively dog. He advocated Home Rule for Scotland and Ireland.

> "The Times," commenting on the rent war in Ireland, says it wishes the Government would show that it is more conscious of its own strength. Whether by misfortune or fault, it says, the Government fails to inspire the needful confidence in its resolution. The struggle would soon end if the law would prove strong enough to make itself respected, and the Irishmen would quickly recognize their masters and range themselves on the winning

REPORTED LOSS OF A TROOP-SHIP. IWELVE HUNDRED FRENCH SOLDIERS ON BOARD

THE VESSEL. ALGIERS, Dec. 2 .- It is reported that the steamship Chandernagor, with 1,200 French troops on board, has foundered in a hurricane, and that all hands were lost.

Paris, Dec. 2 .- M. Aube, Minister of Marine, stated in the Chamber of Deputies this evening, in regard to the reported loss of the Chandernager, that according to the latest official information in possession of the Government the steamer should be in the Bay of Halong. The Minister allded that he hoped the report of the foundering of the vessel

THE REPORT SAID TO BE UNFOUNDED of the loss of the transport Chandernagor is unfounded.

A FRENCH OPINION OF PASTEUR'S SYSTEM. ITS EFFICACY QUESTIONED IN A PAPER READ BE-FORE THE ACADEMY OF SCIENCES.

Paris, Dec. 2.-Dr. Colin, of Paris, read a paper before the Academy of Sciences to-day, showing that the annual average number of deaths from rables in France is twenty-six, and that since Mr. Pasteur began his course of treatsix, and that since Mr. Pasteur began his course of treat-ment the same number of patients has died. According to official statistics the number of persons bitten by mad animals last year in France was 351, while M. Pasteur has treated 1,700 patients. Dr. Colin concludes that the Pas-teur system is of doubtful efficacy, and he is alarmed for the results of virulent inoculation.

## WALDEMAR OR ALEXANDER. WHAT THE BULGARIANS DEMAND OF THE POWERS

"SOPHIA, Dec. 2.—The deputation of Bulgarian Notables instructed by the Government to visit the different Powers and personally place before them the facts of the Bulgarian situation has started its tour. It is reported that the deputation has been instructed to demand that the Powers shall either consent to have Prince Waldemar, of

Powers shall either consent to have Prince Waidemar, of Demmark, elected to the Bulgarian throne, or else permit the return of Prince Alexander. BUKHAMEST, Dec. 2.—The new plot formulated here on November 29 by the Russian refugees from Bulgaria, headed by M. Zankoff, and having for its avowed object the overthrow of the Bulgarian Regency and the foment-ing of a revolution, has proved abortive. Russia refused to furnish any money for the enterprise.

PROHIBITING THE OFFERING OF BOUQUETS. VIENNA, Dec. 2.-The director of the imperial theatres has prohibited the offering of bouquets to actresses in the Hof, or Palace Theatre, and the Opera House, on the ground that the practice has grown to an absurd extent.

NEWS NOTES FROM LONDON.

London, Dec. 2, 1886.
Snow in Indiand and England.—Snow-storius prevail in Ulster, Ireland, and Devonshire, England. Chess Tournament.—German chess societies are raising a fund of §4,500 for a tournament between Steinitz the champion of the world, and Paulsen, the celebrated

BISHOP LYMAN.—Bishop Lyman, after a visitation to the American churches in Geneva, Dresden, Nice and Flor-ence, will preach in England during January and Febru-ary and return to America in March.

LONDON, Dec. 2. - Thirty men were instantly killed by an explosion in the Lomore Colliery in Durham to-day.

SIX BULLS KILL TWENTY HORSES. HAVANA, Nov. 27.—The first exhibition of bull-fighting by Luis Mazzantini has taken place, and surpassed anything of the kind ever seen here. Mazzantini's skill and courage are highly praised. Six bulls fought in this ex-hibition and caused the death of twenty horses.

GERMAN STOCK BROKERS IRRITATED. Berlin, Dec. 2.—Herr von Scholz, Imperial Finance Minister, has greatly irritated the members of the Berlin Stock Exchange by his explanation to the Reichstag of the failure of the Government's receipts from the Bourse tax to equal the estimates. The Minister accounted for the deficiency by saying that "stock jobbers defrauded the revenue by making false returns of their transac-tions," etc. The brokers will, it is thought, take concerted action to demand an apology from Herr von Scholz.

BISMARCK ABANDONS THE CAROLINE ISLANDS Madrid, Dec. 2.—Spain has finally succeeded in indu-cing Prince Bismarck to abandon his proposal to estab-lish a naval station at the Caroline Islands.

FIRE IN THE NEW-YORK LIFE BUILDING. BERLIN, Dec. 2.—Fire to-day threatened to destroy the new building of the New-York Life Insurance Company. The flames were not extinguished until much damage has

THE STANDARD OIL COMPANY IN RUSSIA. BERLIN, Dec. 2 .- According to Stowel's Petroleum Re orter, the Standard Oil Company of America is negotiate porter, the Standard Oil Company of America is negotiat-log with the Russian Naphtha Company (Nobel Brothers) for a loan to the Nobels. The St. Petersburg Borsen Zei-tung says it is probable that the business of Nobel Broth-ers will be transferred to the hanas of American petro-leum producers.

TO FRIGHTEN THE SULTAN OF ZANZIBAR BERLIN. Dec. 2.-The Tagblait states that the propose German naval demonstration at Zanzibar has th

LONDON, Dec. 2.—The ancient church of St. Mary Mag-dalen, in Knightrider-st., was partly destroyed by fire to-

COAL DEPOSITS OF THE NORTHWEST.

OTTAWA, Dec. 2.-A member of the Geological Survey staff engaged in investigating the coal deposits in the Sas Northwest is inexhaustible. The whole district lying between Rocky Mountain House and Fort Pitt is one vast series of coal-beds, both hard and soft, of the best quality.

FRAGMENTS OF CARRE NEWS. ROME, Dec. 2.—Mgr. Straniero has been appointed special Envoy of the Vatican in London. PARIS, Dec. 2.—Advices from Hanoi, the capital of fonquin, state that pirates at Hakoi surprised the Frontier Commission and massacred two interpreters and twelve

BERLIN, Dec. 2.—An exchange of views is preceeding between the Conservatives and the National Liberals looking to the adoption of a common programme providing, through new fiscal measures, resources for the augmentation of the effective strength of the army. The Progressi-is have decided to demand a triennate instead of the septennate.

THE TEMPERATURE STILL FALLING.

A DRY, COLD AIR AND LITTLE SNOW IN THE NORTH-

WEST.
CHICAGO, Dec. 2 (Special).—The mean temperature this morning was near the zero mark. The high barometer of yesterday in Dakota has come down even below Chicago weather has accordingly followed in its wake, registering At Moorhead, northwest of St. Paul, it was 25° below, and at St. Paul 15° below. At Milwaukee it stood at 9° below. The atmosphere is remarkably dry, no snow ap-pearing in the Northwest except at Escanaba. Last night that arrived had a severe experience.

POLGHKEETSIE, Dec. 2 (Special),—The cold wave struck the Hudson River Valley last night and there has been a terrific wind all day driving the mercury down to 16° a flake of snow here, but twenty miles in a northeasterly direction there is good sleighing. From Tivoli to Albany

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2 .- It is learned at the Signal Office that the cold wave which is now passing over the country extends from the upper lakes to the Gulf and from the Rocky Mountains to the Atlantic. Its point of origin in the United States was in the Northwest and it has maintained a southeasterly course. The cold wave siguals of the Weather Bureau are displayed throughout the Atlantic, Middle and Gulf States. At 7 a, m. to-day, the thermometer in Washington indicated 17° above zero and it has varied little since that time. In northern Minnesota it was 20° below zero and further north there was a still lower range. The zero isothermal line extends throughout the upper lake regions then bends southward to Milwaukee and Chicago, passes through the country lying between Keokuk and Springfield and westward past Fort Buford, Dakota. The temperature maps of the Signal Service Office indicate no change in the weather, and the officers of the service are of the opinion that the present condition of things will be maintained for at least two days. and from the Rocky Mountains to the Atlantic. Its

FROZEN TO DEATH ON LAKE ONTARIO. Oswego, N. Y., Dec. 2.—The schooner Ariadne went ashore in Mexico Bay last night. Captain McKay was seen after washed overboard and drowned, and two of the crew were frozen to death, other three took to the rigging and were nearly dead's taken off. Their freevery is considered doubtful, vessel has gone to pieces. She was an old craft.

GLASS MANUFACTURERS FIRM.

RESOLVING TO STOP WORK UNTIL THEIR MEN ARE

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 2.—At a largely attended meeting of the Green Glass Manufacturers' Association East held here to-day, resolutions were adopted con demning "the arbitrary, unreasonable and unjust action of some of the officers of the Green Glass Blowers League in ordering a strike contrary to the wishes of a large majority of their members, and, as is reported, in-LONDON, Dec. 2.—A dispatch from Paris received this evening states that the Minister of Marine says the report false promises to violate agreements made in good faith with their employers."

It was resolved that "the interests of workmen and emf the Glass Blowers' League are now attempting to en force must be resisted to the very end in order that it be force must be resisted to the very end in order that it be possible for employers to believe that the employed will honorably keep their engagements and so enable employers to have proper voice in the conduct of their business; and we reaffirm the resolutions passed at our last meeting and remain out of blast until our workmen are released from bondage and are free to keep faith with us."

It was also unanimously resolved that the manufacturers who are now banking their fires or who have drawn their fires will not resume work until the men agree to work on the New-Jersey scale.

THE STATE WORKINGMEN'S ASSEMBLY. President Samuel Gompers, of the Workingmen's As sembly of the Satte of New York, has issued a call for the twenty-first session of that body to be held in Albany on

January 18. Among the most important subjects to January 18. Among the most important subjects to be acted on are the repeal of the conspiracy laws as they relate to trades unions; the enforcement of the eight-hour law; the creation of a State printing office; the abolition of contract prison labor, and the introduction of the piece-price system; to demand a reduction of the hours of labor of all railroad employes to ten; to secure the passage of a law that will give labor a fair representation at the forth-coming Constitutional Convention. Many other subjects of interest to workers will be considered. An unusually interesting session is expected. FINANCIAL SUGGESTIONS BY JOHN SHERMAN

CINCINNATI, Dec. 2 (Special),—A dispatch to The Enquirer from Washington contains a long interview with Senator Sherman on the question of relief for National banks and the reduction of taxation. On the first question he said he favored letting the banks do business upon the 4½ per cent bonds now outstanding, but would allow them increase the circulation about \$30,000,000. He would issue the circulation up to the market value of their bonds and have that value fixed once each year. As to the taxa, tion, he would keep a tax, but reduce it to one-half of one tion, he would keep a tax, but reduce it to one-half of one per cent. He did not favor the issue of a 2 per cent perpetual bond. He would repeal the clause compelling a monthly coinage of silver dollars. He said that he was for a protective tariff, while favoring a reduction of revenue. He favored making sugar free, but would offer a bounty for Louislana sugar. He would decrease the revenue by giving increased protection to every line of industry which could successfully compete with foreign markets, thus keeping out importations of these goods. He would reduce the tobacco tax one-half. The reduction on that and that on sugar would amount to about \$60,000,000 yearly. However, he did not believe there would be any relief legislation by the coming session of Congress.

FATAL EXPLOSION CAUSED BY A PARLOR MATCH PITTSBURG, Dec. 2.—A dispatch to The Commercial Ga-rette from Bellaire says: "There was a terrible explosion of powder in the store of Robert Hall, six miles west of here, this afternoon, fatally injuring three persons and seriously bruising and burning four others. The explosion vas caused by some one stepping on a parlor match that was lying on the floor, when a spark ignited the pow that was lying on the floor, when a spark ignifed the pow-der in a keg and blew the whole end out of the store. Five men and two boys who were in the store were injured. Those fatally hurt were Robert Hall, Jacob Geiss and George Williams. Clarence Neff and three others whose names could not be learned received painful burns and bruises, but will recover.

WARLIKE DISORDERS IN WEST CARROLL, LA. LITTLE ROCK, Dec. 2 (Special).—Advices from West Car-oll Parish, La., say it is believed that Governor McEnery will be compelled to call out the militia to suppress dis order. The law-abiling citizens are powerless and the lawless element is threatening new outrages.

TELEGRAPHIC NOETS.

SUIT TO RECOVER STÂTE FUNDS. HARRISHURO, Penn. Dec. 2.—The commonwealth to-day brought suit against General S. M. Bailey, late State Treasurer, and his bondsmen, to recover \$70,000 of State lunds which General Bailey lost by the failure of the Exchange Bank of Bradford, General Bailey's suit against the bank has not yet been decided by the Supreme Court.

TESTING THE OLEOMARGARINE LAW.

HARRISON COMP.

TESTING THE OLIEOMARGARINE LAW.
HARTFORD, CORD, Dec. 2.—Eight proprietors of second rate
hotels and restaurants in this city were arrested yesterialy
for using oleomargarine on their tables without displaying
the placard "Oleomargarine used here" as required by law
under penalty of \$50 fine. The cases were continued one
week under \$200 bonds each. These will be regarded as test

WORK OF A LAW AND ORDER LEAGUE.

BORDENTOWN, N. J., Dec. 2.—The first arrest at the instance of the new Law and Order League was effected hat night. Patrick Manon, the keeper of a higher store, was taken into custody on a charge of selling whiskey without a city license and was fined \$53.

and was fined so.3.

WHERE BLACKSTONE PUT THE STOLEN MONEY.
POSTLAND, Me., Dec. 2.—The directors of the Canal
National Bank are still at work on the Blackstone defaication. A story that Blackstone has confessed and that there
has been no embezzlement is without foundation. Black
stone had money invested in the Dismond Wrench Company
which is probably where the stolen funds went to.

will participate. The Saltan of Zanzibar will be warned that the demonstration precedes active reprisals if he continues his anti-German policy.

SIX MEN KILLED ON THE WESTERNLAND. DOUBLE SKA DROPS ON THE STEAMSHIP AND CRUSHES IN THE TURTLE-DECK.

An extraordinary accident, attended with fatal results, occurred on board the Red Star steamship Westernland on Saturday last, upon her voyage from Antwerp to New-York. A double sea, such as is cometimes but not often witnessed by mariners, rose front of the vessel, came up over her bows, and down in solid volume upon the middle of the forward turt's deck, breaking it in and killing six personsfour sallors and two immigrant passengers-and injuring more or less seriously fourteen others, six of

The Westernland arrived at her pler at Sussex-st., Jersey City, yesternay afternoon. She sailed from Antwerp on November 20, under command of Captain Randle, with 69 cabin and 574 steerage passengers, mostly immigrants. All went merrily during the part of the voyage. The weather was fair and the mmigrants gathered in groups in the steerage, under the turtle-deck, or along the rail, and speculated upon the happy future which seemed to be before

from the west-northwest, bringing with it an ordinary heavy sea, and this continued for about thirty hours. The weather, however, was not by any means the worst that has been seen upon the Atlantic, nor did the seas break over the vessel with the force that sometimes do. Still it was nasty enough to oilcoats over their pea jackets. About fifty of the immigrant passengers who found below decks too disagreeable in bad weather even for their not fas-tidious tastes, were housed under the turtle-deck. There were also about a dozen sailors under the deck employed in splicing ropes, repairing sheets, etc. The Westernland was at this time some 1,400 miles east of Eandy Hook. Second Officer Ehoff had the

At 2:45 p. m. without any warning, two seas rolled

up under the lows from opposite directions and meeting, rose in solid volume, then dropped with such remendous force upon the middle of the turtle-deck the alleyways on each side, wrenching the doors of the officers' statorooms from their hinges and doing other damage. The most serious effects, however, were under the turtle-deck. There were heard screams shricks and groans. Dr. Herlack, the ship's surgeon at once rushed on deck, and almost at his heels, drawing on his coat as he ran, was Dr. Cohn. one of was recognized in a letter of thanks and an offer to pay for his services. Where he two surgeons reached the forward part of the vessel a heartrending picture was presented. The iron plates of the turtle-deck were wrenched and torn, six of the iron girders were broken or bent as if made of tin, three of the iroin deck, the three-inch planking was torn into splinters and underneath the wreckage or near by on the deck were the dead, dying and injured. The injured had their arms or legs broken and scalps torn, and were bleeding profusely from their wounds. One of the dead had his entire side torn open, having been hurled against a belaying-pin. Most of the killed had received

The two doctors examined the dead, and then gave their attention to the injured, whose wounds were dressed and who were made as comfortable as possible. The dead were soon disposed of, after the usual custom of those dying at sea, being consigned to the deep after the reading of the burial service. Nearly all of those killed had families who were dependent upon them. A subscription of 2,000 francs was made by

Following are the names of those killed and injured. with the exception of a half dozen whose injuries

De Cook, Emilie; sailor, age twenty-six; received fatal internal injuries.
Dudart, Gustave; sailor, married; died from internal injuries.
Francke, Max; immuriant, age seventeen, native of Heidelberg; was thrown against the rail by the see, and a belief sailor to the side of the from internal injuries.
He had a brother married, died from internal injuries.
Livadari, Gabrier mainternal injuries.
Livadari, Gabrier mainternal injuries.
Sandegan, Rasmus, storekceper, age fifty-seven; has a wife and five children living in Adiwerp. A piece of the iron deck-plate cut his throat open and nearly severed the head from the body. He had been going to sea forty years, thirty-seven or vessels under the Belgian ling, and as he was entitled to a pension under the Belgian laws he intended to retire from the sea in January.

INJURED.

Brown, Gustave; immigrant; contused side.
Caristman, Josef: immigrant; both arms fractured.
Dupont, Paul, steward, lost two fingers.
Gabarus, L.; sailor; internal injuries.
Hacomb, William; immigrant; internal injuries.
Hansen, Nelis: sailor; leg broken and shoulder fracti
Kgel, Max; lumigrant; right arm fractured.
Livadart, Joseph; immigrant; right arm broken.
Meiser, Martin; immigrant; right arm broken.
Meiser, Martin; immigrant; sprained ankle.
Olsen, Nils; sailor; both legs broken.
Sohmer, Josef; immigrant; scalp wound.
Tassana, Francisco; immigrant; oraken ribs.
Verstraten, Henri; sailor; leg broken.
Weit, Junus; immigrant; lujured in back and stoms
When the vessel reached her pier Olsen and

When the vessel reached her pier Olsen and Hans-were taken to the Jersey City Hospital, on Jersey Ci-Heights. Here it was found that Hansen's left avm w hospital appeared in a half-conscious state and could give no intelligible account of the manner in which he received his injuries. The physicians at the hospital say he will re-

The other two of the ship's people who were injured remained aboard the vessel. These were Henri Verstraten, a sallor whose leg was broken and who will be aken to the Jersey City Hospital this morning, and Paul Dupont, one of the stewards, who lost two of his fingers. The steerage passengers were not haken to. Dupont, one of the stewards, who lost two of his fingers. The steerage passengers were not taken to Castle Garden and those injured remained abourd the vessel an were attended by Dr. Pierson Rector, of Jersey City, whattends to the sick of the Red Star Company while is dersey City. With the exception of one, the injure steerage passengers were all able to walk about lasticists.

Jersey City. With the exception of one, the Injured steerage passengers were all able to walk about last night.

Captain Randle could not be found last evening and it was said on the pier that he had gone to Philadelphia where his family resides.

Second Officer Ehoff said: "It was a said and sickening accident. I was on the afternoon watch on Saturday last and was on the regular lookout. We were having what might be called no more than a moderate gale and a number of the immigrant passengers were sheltered under the intrile-deck with about a dozen sailors. About 2:45 p. m. two seas rolled up from opposite directions and met right under the bows. Then they seemed to rise in solid volume high over the bows and came down in an unbroken mass upon the tartle-deck, crushing it in like so much paper. The screaming and siricking of the dying and the injured under the mass of wreck were panful. Some were already dead, and poor old Sandegan had his head nearly severed by the iron sheets. The force of the sea may be imagined by the way the turtle-deck was wrecked, the iron girders snapping in two and bending and the stanehous plercing through the deck-plates. I never witnessed such a thing before and never wish to again. It was an accident that nobody could be held to blame for, and it was remarkable because the vessel was making good weather of it."

As she lay in her berth last evening the Westernland presented to one standing on the pier no evidence of fhe terrible ordeal through which she had passed. But a view of the forward deck conveyed some idea of the force of the blow she had sustained. The turtle-deck was constructed of four-inch pine planks which rested upon heavy iron beams. These were upheld by three-luch iron stanchions. The body of water struck the turtle-deck about of ficen feet in length and extending the full width of the vessel.

PRODUCTION OF THE WESTERN WHISKEY POOL. CHICAGO, Dec. 2.—At a regular meeting of the Ex-ecutive Committée of the Western Export Association yesterday, the rebuilt house of Bush & Brown, in Peorla, was admitted to the association as a closed concern.
The assessment of 3 cents a gallon was not charged, but The assessment of 3 cents a gallon was not charged, but the time of payment was changed from the first day to the 15th and last days of each month. No changes in the capacity or priess were made. Of the ninety-one-distilleries in the association forty-dies are running. The capacity under the present arrangement is thirty-ture and one-third per cent of the running houses—consuming 35,000 busiles and producing about 150,000 gallons of spirits a day. The production is soid as fast as it is made and no surplus is on hand. The production and safe for October was a triffe over 4,000,000 gallons. The product for last October was 500,000 gallons less than that of the same month last year. This was because of the entire loss of the expert trade.

ADULTERATED TEA SEIZED IN CHICAGO. Curcago, Dec. 2.—A large shipment of tea consigned to Frank E. Fernald, of this city, has been condemned by Tea Inspector Langley, and is detained at the Appraiser's store to await the result of further investigation. The quantity condemned is about 25,000 pounds. The goods were imported from Hiogo, coming by way of Port Moody and St. Vincent. The verdict of Inspector Langley was that the quality was poor and adulterated, bringing it within the provisions of the Act of March 2, 1883, which prohibits the entry of spurious and adulterated teas into the United States. Mr. Fernaid has appealed from the decision of the inspector. Collector Seeberger has appointed a Board of Examiners, composed of fea merchants of well-known experience, to pass upon the goods. If they sustain the decision of the inspector the goods will be seized and destroyed as the law directs.

A CLEVER DIAMOND THIEF CAUGHT.

IDENTIFED BY FOUR MERCHANTS WHOM THAD

ROBBED.

Edward\_Wall, alias "Wheeling," Boston, "Tippeary Ned," whose picture is No. 258 in the Rogues' Gailery, was arrested last evening in Fourteenth-st. by Detectives McNort, McCloskey and Alonele, of In spector Byrnes's staff. He is a skilful shoplifter and his exploits in this line have been many. There are several charges against him here and in other places. He dealt almost entirely in jewels, usually with a female accomplice. He would go into a jewelry store, and ask to be shown some diamonds. When looking over the tray he would deftly slip out a ring and leave a valueless one in its place. Sometimes the woman who went with him would show a ring without a stone

a valueless one in its place. Sometimes the woman who went with him would show a ring without a stone and request to see some diamonds to select one to fit it. While looking over the unset stones, Mr. Wall would deftly fasten one of them to the palm of his hand and go out of the store without telling the jeweler anything about it.

On September 9, he called upon J. W. Black, No. 9 Maiden-lane and took away a pair of diamond earrings worth \$215. A few days afterward L. Strasburg, another Maiden-lane jeweler, missed two loose diamonds valued at \$400 after Mr. Wall had visited his store. On November 15, Wall stole a diamond worth \$50 from Herman Levy, at Fulton and William-sts, and on Nov. 27 he got another stone valued at \$75 from J. R. Greason, No. 182 Broadway. These four merchants complained to Inspector Byraes about their losses and from the description given the thirf was easily identified. He has always been a hard man to catch, for as soon as he would commit a robbery ir one city it has been his custom to go to some other place and keep quiet. Ater the last robbery he went away, but came back on Monday and was found yesterday. He was identified by all the merchants who had made complaint at the Tombs, where Wall was locked up. Upon the request of Inspector Byrnes Justice White remanded him until today.

He has served two terms in prison in this State. One of six months for robbery in Broadway and the other for one year for stealing a lot of clothing. He has also served terms in other places. Wall gave his are as twenty-cight, said that he lived at No. 114 Third-ave., and that his business was that of a linguist. He speaks several languages fluently.

OUTRAGE BY A CHICAGO DETECTIVE.

ARRESTING AND BRUTALLY TREATING AN INNOCENT COLORED MAN.

CHICAGO, Dec. 2 - Detectives Murnane and Cos celo were walking on South Halsted-st, last evening, Murnane appeared somewhat excited, as though under the influence of liquor. In front of Hannah & Hogg's liquor-store the detectives espied a colored man engaged in sprinkling the icy sidewalk with ashes, and Murnane stopped him and asked with an path what be was dumping the ashes on the sidewalk tor. The colored man, John Wilson, not knowing his interrogator, gave a short reply, at which Murnane struck him a vigorous blow in the tace. Wilson returned the blow knocking the officer down. It is said that Murnane drew life revolver and pointed it at Wilson who ran into a liquor-store and running through disappeared. Murnane followed him into the place, firing as he ran through the crowded street, and in his "excited" condition mistook another colored man one Robinson, for Wilson. He pointed his weapon at Robinson, and then seized the unfortunate colored man, and handending him beat him brutally over the head and face with the butt end of his revolver. Cut and bleeding and without hat and coat the unfortunate man was then bundled over to the Central Station where Murnane's superiors at once recognized the mistake and released him, sending a detective home with him to hash the story up. John Wilson soon after surrendered binself to Detective Costello, for the assault on Murnane. Robinson said that on the way to the station he was kicked and beaten and his condition goes far to prove the truth of his words. was dumping the ashes on the sidewalk tor. The col-

THE FIRE RECORD.

AN OPERA HOUSE DESTROYED. BROCKTON, Mass., Dec. 2.—The largest fire this city has ever seen raged to-night fanned by a high wind. About 10 p. m. fire was discovered in the shoe store of O. S. 10 p. m. fire was discovered in the shoe store of O. S. Sweetzer, in the Opera House block, at Main and Crescent ats., and it spread rapidly to all parts of the building. The entire fire department was summoned and Mayor Whipple sent for help to Stoughton. East Stoughton and Boston. The building is of brick about 100x80 feet, and four stories in height. The loss on the building and contents is estimated at \$165,000. The losses of tenants of the building amount to at least \$91,000, so far as known. The building was owned by H. L. Bryant.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—A dispatch to The Times from Tem-de, Tex., says: "Tuesday afternoon, one Barton in the town. At 7:30 the incendiaries appeared and poured oil on the wall of Williams's saloon and applied a match. When the flames leaped up Special Officer McMahon de-manded the surrender of James Nash, the man who ap-plied the match. Nash fled and McMahon fired, killing him instantly. The other conspirators escaped."

VALUABLE TURPENTINE FORESTS BURNED. noke from forest fires in the surrounding country. The village of Pinopolis, in Berkeley County, narrowly escaped destruction. Mrs. Kate Porcher's dwellinghouse and a number of barns and farm houses were burned. The fires are said to be generally under control, having burned out their fuel. Large bodies of turpentine woods have been destroyed, and the loss will necessarily be heavy.

TEN MILLIONS LOST A IN MONTH

November's losses by fire, in the United States and Canada are estimated by The New-York Daily Commercial Bulletin at \$10,000,000,-which is 331-3 per cent greater than the average November loss for many years, The Bulletin gives a list of 160 fires of \$10,000 and upward in November, among them being 19 fires whose reported destructiveness ranged from \$100,000 to \$900,000 and footed up \$4,000,000, or 40 per cent of the entire month's losses. The record shows a fire loss for the eleven months of 1886 of \$105,000,000.

LOSSES IN VARIOUS PLACES. AYER, Mass., Dec. 2.—The William A. Baeder Glue Company, which occupied a large brick structure and a was burned out this morning. The origin of the fire is supposed to have occur in work of an incentiary, necro sense, much opposition to the manufacture of glue on account of the bad odor arising therefrom. The glue company estimate their loss in stock at \$18,000 and on machinery at \$75,000. It is stated here that several companies had cancelled their policies on account of the opposition to the factory. The loss on the building is about \$30,000 and is said to have on it \$25,000 insurance. The Fitchburg Railroad loses several thousand dollars on burned cars.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Dec. 2.-Daniel Pratt's chair factory at Camillus was destroyed by fire this morning. The loss s \$10,000; insurance, \$6,000. St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 2.-The Dispatch's Eau Claire, Wis., dispatch says: "The Cass Drug Company's store

was burned this morning. Loss, \$30,000; insurance, \$23,000. Dr. Day, who had an office on the second floor of the building, loses \$2,000; insurance \$1,200. HARRISBURG, Penn., Dec. 2.-Last night an incendiary fire at Hummelstown destroyed a large flouring mill, two dwellings and outbuildings on the estate of the late Christian Landis. The loss is about \$15,000; partially

St. Louis, Dec. 2.-A dispatch from Fayette, Mo., state that the Howard County Court House was burned yester day. All the records were saved. The building cost \$21,500 and was insured for \$20,000.

MEXICAN OFFICALS ARRESTED. GALVESTON, Tex., Dec. 2.—Great excitement was created in New-Laredo, Mexico, to-night over the arrest and imprisonment of Pedro Morales, chief of police, the President of the Municipal Court and also the Chief Alcalde of the town, under orders from the Mexican Gov-ernment, because they delivered to the Texas authorities Juan Coy, charged with the murder of Sheriff Elder, of Karnes County, Texas.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

CHICAGO, Dec. 2.—Captain White, Superintendent of Ma in the Sixth Division, received a dispatch to-day saying ti postal clerk Tennis was killed and clerk Lumen badly injur in the accident on the Northern Facilic Railroad, between F Paul and listmarck, yesterday. The mail car was burnod at all the mail destroyed.

ARRESTED FOR LAND SWINDLING.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 2.—A dispatch to The Fost-Dispatch (Chattanooga, Tenn., says: Charles Carter, a notorious; swindler, was arrested at Birmingham, Aia. to-day. swindled persons in this city out of land worth \$90,000.

ARREST OF A DISHONEST MAIL AGENT.

DETHOIT, Dec. 2.—A dispatch to The Resening Journals, (Grand Rapids, says: A. H. klwood, mail agent on that, arrested at the post office in this city this morning by many ors inassett and Kidder. Elwood is charged with system ally robbling letters, and \$75 in marked bolls were found by possession. He acknowledges that the peculations amo to \$2,000. Elwood's home is at silver Creek, Ind., where has a wife and three children. He was appointed four yago, is fifty years old, a vectoran solider and in poor health.

LYNCHED BY AN ARKANSAS MOB.

ago, is fifty years old, a veteran solder and in poor health
LYNCHED BY AN ARKANSAS MOB.

ARKANSAS CHY, Ark, Dec. 2.— Early yesterlay morni
party of masked men surrounded the jail at Monticello
county seat of Drew County, and demanded the surrend
Buck Taylor, colored, who was charged with assault
intend to kill two respected citizens of that county. Fin
that resistance would be worse than useless, the jailor
rendered the key to the cell fin which the man was con
and the mob selesd Hunter. They led him out into the
urbs of the town and hanked him, to the limb of a tree. ?
empties their shot gues into the body to make sure of
work.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

TAMPERING WITH A JUROR.

ALDERMAN FARLEY'S FRIEND ARRESTED. INTERESTING REVELATIONS IN THE M'QUADE TRIAL

-WILL OTHER ARRESTS FOLLOW!

The dreary proceedings in the attempt to obtain a jury to try Arthur J. McQuade for bribery, were broken yesterday by testimony showing an apparent attempt on the part of friends of the "boodle" Aldermen to approach and perhaps to influence a man who had received a summons to be present as a juror. The list from which the summonses were made out was not completed until only copies of it prepared were the two in the possession of the District-Attorney and of Mr. Newcombe, the counsel for the defence. The original list was made out by Commissioner of Jurors Reilly from the names drawn by Deputy County, Clerk Gilroy. The list is supposed to be filed with the County Clerk on the afternoon when the drawing takes place and is then open to inspection But it is not easy for a person to obtain a copy of the list as the filing of the original may be delayed. The testimony showed that in some way the names of the jurors had been obtained and that a friend of ex-Alderman Farley knew of the summoning of one juror within an hour or two of the time when the summons was served and without having received the information from

the juror summoned. The testimony was given by Thomas R. Grav. a slight young man with dark red hair and mous tache, who was called as the first candidate for the scat of Louis M. Simson, the third juror, who had been peremetorily challenged by the defence. What he said aroused the attention of the Recorder and the prosecuting officers. Mr. Nicoll put a few pro-liminary questions and found that Gram was employed by the State Dairy Commissioner. He then asked:

nsked:
Q.—When did you receive your summons in this case!
A.—About 6 o'clock last might.
Q.—Have you talked with any one about this case since you received the summons! A.—Yes, sir. With my wife and the Dairy Commissioner.
Q.—With any one else! A.—Yes, sir. A neighbor of mine came in last night.
Q.—Did he talk to you about this case! A.—Well, he said something about my coming here as a juror.
Q.—What was it he said! Did you tell him that you had been drawn as a juror here! A.—No, sir, he told me that I was drawn.

Q.—What was it he said! Did you tell him that you had been drawn as a juror here! A.—No, sir, he told me that I was drawn.

Q.—He told you that you were drawn! A.—Yes, sir.
Q.—Well, what else was said! A.—He asked me what I thought of this case; what my opinion was.
Q.—What did you say! A.—I said that I did not think that I ought to tell him what I thought, as I had been summoned as a juror.

Q.—Was that all! We want all that was said—every word. A.—He said that a friend of his, an Alderman, wanted him to call on me.

Q.—Did he mention lhe Alderman's name! A.—Yes, sir. He said it was Alderman Farley.

Q.—What was the whole of what was said! Give the whole of it. A.—He said that ex-Alderman Farley was a friend of his and that Mr. Farley wanted him to come aroun! and find out how I felt.

Q.—Did he say how he knew or how Alderman Farley knew that you were summoned as a juror! A.—No, sir.

General Tracy put in an objection in a low voice, but the Recorder in a decided tone of voice said:

I think! have some privilege here. I propose to find

but the Recorder in a decided tone of voice said:

I think I have some privilege here. I propose to find out just what has been done to this juror. (Turning to the juror and speaking sharply.) I want you to tell me all about this. Was anything more said! A.—No, sir. I do not think of anything now.

Q.—Was there any offer made! A.—No, sir.
Q.—Nor any suggestion! A.—No, sir.
Q.—Nor any suggestion! A.—No, sir.
Q.—Now tell me who was this man who talked with you! A.—I do not know his name.
Q.—Way, you said that he was a neighbor of yours!
A.—Yes, sir. He has a tailor shop near where I live.
Q.—Mand where does he live! A.—He has a store just next door. I think it is No. 42 No. 44 No. 45 No. 46 No. 46 No. 47 No. 48 No.

After the Recorder had hillshed his questions Mr. Nicoll asked a few others and then the Recorder said to Mr. Nicoli:

I will take the responsibility of directing that that man be excused, We don't want any one on the jury who has been approached in any way. And, Mr. Nicott, piruse have the testimony taken by the stenographer written out and let the witness swear to it.

Mr. Nicoll said that he had expected to do so, and he sent Gray into the District-Attorney's office. Assistant District-Attorney Davis drew up an affidavit. Gray grew somewhat more communicative when off the witness stand and gave some particulars which he had omitted. He was taken before Recorder Smyth and swore in open court to the truth of his statements. A warrant for the arrest of the tailor was issued and given to

a detective. If any offence is proved it would be under seca misdemeanor. Embracery is the influencing or attempting to influence a person who is a juror or who has been summoned as a juror. It is punishable by a year's imprisonment.

Assistant District-Attorney Nicoli said the statement made to Mr. Davis by Gray was fuller than his testimony. He did not know how the information could have reached Farley, if he did learn that Gray was summoned as a juror. Mr Nicoll said: "The prosecution has men who are instructed to learn of the reputation and character of witnesses. They are not expected to speak to the jurors themselves. In this case further developments will show just how far this was a serious attempt to influence a juror. At present we can only endeavor to secure what evidence

Recorder Smyth, as was apparent by his voice and manner, was greatly moved by the fact that one of the jurous had been approached. He di-rected that every means should be taken to discover any additional facts in the case. tailor is arrested and any attempt to influence a juror is traced to ex-Alderman Farley he would also be punishable under section 75.

The tailor shop at No. 42 Norfolk-st. is owned by Hermann Falkenberg, who is a County Democrat. He was not in the shop last evening nor at his house, No. 153 Clinton st. At least reporters could not find him. A bright young man, who claimed to be his brother, was in charge of the store and said that Mr. Falkenberg was attending a Masonic funeral in Newark. He had been away all the afternoon and it was impossible to say when he would return. The youn; man declared that he knew nothing about Gray and was sure that his brother never had anything to do with him. Mr. Fackenberg was formerly and is said to

be still an intimate friend of Farley.

Mr. Farley, of course, denied that there was any foundation for Gray's statemen's, so far as he was concerned. The whole thing, he declared, was news to him He could not, he said, under-stand why he should want to bribe a juryman so

long as he was not on trial himself.

A warrant issued by Recorder Smyth on the A warrant issued by Recorder Smyth on the affidavit of Gray was sent to Inspector Byrnes to serve. Detectives Hanley and Lyman were sent to find the man, who was mentioned in the warrant as John Doe, but whose name is Hermann Falkenberg. The officers did not find him in when they got to the tailor shop and waited for him to come. He arrived at 6 o'clock and the detectives arrested him. He seemed surprised and made a remark that indicated that in his opinion the remark that indicated that in his opinion the charge against him was of minor importance. Ho went with the detectives willingly to Police Head-quarters and was locked up in the "Aldermanic cell." He will be taken before the Recorder this morning and have a chance to tell what he knows about embracery. He refused to make a state-

ment at Headquarters.

Sergeant McLoughlin, who was on duty in Inspector By nes's office, when asked if ex-Alderman Far.ey would be arrested upon the charge of em-bracery, said that he did not know what action would be taken a anst the ex-Alderman, but he did know that he had not been arrested.

THE WORK OF FINDING JURYMEN. OF PEREMPTORY CHALLENGES,

The jury which is to try McQuade was not completed yesterday, but as both the prosecution and defence had exhausted many of their peremptory challenges when the day's session closed, the prospect of securing a jury to-day is good. The court-room was not nearly filled. The Re-corder and the lawyers had renewed their stock of questions for doubtful jurors. Some of the cleven men who occupied the jury box at the close of the proceedings on Wednesday were on hand early and read the newspapers while waiting for court to open. The tenth in Charles Schlesinger, arrived at a late h and did not occupy the seat long before was excused. The eighth man, Henry D. Moeller, was sick and sent a physician's certificate to that effect The lawyers agreed that Mr. Modler should be excused, and the eighth place as well as the nunth, which was unoccupied before the adjournment on Wednesday, was to be filled when the examination of jurors began.

The questioning in behalf of the prosecution was done